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SALT LAKE HERALD

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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1907

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The bashful lover may get there in time, but adv. on the same plan is liable to prove a losing proposition. —Rusty Mike's Diary.

ENGLISH LAUNCHED 30 YEARS AGO

Event Celebrated at Jamestown, Va., by Opening of Tercentenary Exposition.

LAND AND WATER DISPLAY

ADDRESS BY PRESIDENT OF UNITED STATES.

Norfolk, Va., April 26.—President Roosevelt, the diplomatic, naval and military representatives of foreign nations and the governors of a score of states participated today in the opening exercises of the Jamestown Tercentenary exposition. The exposition is far from complete, but this was not allowed to interfere in any way with today's celebration of the 300th anniversary of the first British settlement in America. From the firing of a sunrise salute of 300 guns by the United States army, through the picturesque review of the international fleet of war vessels anchored in Hampton Roads, through the ceremonies of dedication, at which the president spoke, and down to a late hour tonight, when the chief executive went aboard the naval yacht to spend the night, the day was crowded with notable incidents.

Panic Prevented.

Notable among the day's event was the action of the president in assuming command of the situation in front of the crowded grand stand from which he spoke when a panic seized the throng of spectators. Pressed against the guard ropes by thousands of eager persons, the safety of those who had the more favorable positions was endangered. President Roosevelt had just been introduced by Harvey St. George Tucker, head of the exposition company, when the disorder and unrest in the crowd reached its height and the civil guards in front of the grand stand seemed about to be swept from their posts. The president stepped into the table which had been placed in the speakers' balcony, and cried out to the men of the state of Virginia to live up to their traditions of gallantry and cease the pushing and crowding which was threatening the lives of the women and children in the assemblage.

Crowded Back by Cavalry.

The crowd heeded the president's warning, but when he had settled down into his speech the immense audience became uneasy again, and those on the outskirts began to press forward once more in their anxiety to hear. The president was interrupted and mounted officers and men of the United States cavalry were called in to take charge. They rode around the subject of the crowd and gradually opened it up and relieved the pressure, which at one time threatened to hurl an avalanche of humanity against the president's stand and the boxes occupied by the diplomats. A detachment of artillery also was called into service, and the thousands of people settled down into a peaceful assemblage.

President's Address.

Apparently oblivious to the unusual position he occupied, the top of a somewhat shaky table, President Roosevelt made his speech. The impromptu and unsteady platform did not interfere in the slightest degree with the characteristic vigor of his delivery. Some of his remarks, noticeably when he touched upon the subject of the recent peace congress in New York, were addressed to the representatives of the many nations of the world; others were emphasized to the soldiers and sailors who took such a conspicuous part in the day's program, and other thoughts were directed toward the general public.

The Military Encamped about the Exposition Grounds.

The military encamped about the exposition grounds began the day's ceremonies with the firing of the three-century salute. Then from across the waters of Hampton Roads came the boom of guns signaling the beginning of the review by the president of the most formidable fleet of international battle-ships and cruisers the world has witnessed in many years.

On Board Mayflower.

On board the cruiser yacht Mayflower the president was greeted first by a roar of twenty-one guns from each of the vessels, foreign and American. Then as the Mayflower steamed along the lane of the men of war he was saluted individually and in turn by every battleship and cruiser at anchor in the roadstead.

When his yacht had anchored amidst the naval vessels, the president received on board the flag and commanding officers of the foreign fleet and the flag officers of the home squadrons. Among the foreigners who called were Admiral Sir George Neville, commanding the British cruiser squadron; Commodore Kallau von Hofe, commanding the German cruisers; Commodore Hermann von Plesscott, commanding the Austrian ships, and the commanding officers of the Argentine ship Sarmiento.

The Hospitality of the nation was extended by the president, who in turn received many expressions of the esteem in which he personally and the American people are held by the sovereigns whose ambassadors it was their pleasure to be.

Welcome to Roosevelt.

The president landed at the exposition grounds shortly after 11 a. m. The immense government piers undergoing construction are still many weeks from completion, and it was with some difficulty that a way was cleared for the light launches in which the president and the naval officers of the various squadrons made their journey to shore. Booming cannon again greeted the president as he stepped upon the temporary structure which eventually is to be a magnificent water gate known as Discovery Landing. President Tucker of the exposition personally welcomed Mr. Roosevelt, who with Mrs. Roosevelt was driven to the grand stand on the parade between two lines of soldiers of the Twenty-third United States infantry.

LE PASSE IN THE COURT ROOM

Sensational Scene During the Closing Hour of Trial of Binger Hermann.

REPRIMAND BY THE JUDGE

CASE NOW IN THE HANDS OF THE JURY.

Washington, April 26.—Having failed to reach a verdict after more than six hours' deliberation today, the jury in the case of Binger Hermann, on trial for destroying public documents while commissioner of the general land office, was locked up at 10 o'clock for the night. The defendant remained in his attorney's office during the evening. If an agreement is reached by the jury during the night their report will not be received until court convenes tomorrow.

Washington, April 26.—The question whether Binger Hermann, former member of congress and former commissioner of the general land office, is guilty or not of destroying public records was placed in the hands of the jury this afternoon at the conclusion of the twelfth week of his trial.

The arguments in the case culminated in the lie being passed between opposing counsel at the close of United States District Attorney Baker's summing up for the government. Justice Stafford administered a severe reprimand, saying he should regard any further colloquy between counsel as contempt of court and would act accordingly. When Mr. Baker had concluded the court allowed the jury to go to luncheon, cautioning them against talking of the case among themselves, particularly of the "brainstorm" which had been raging. He told the jury that "a calm statement of the case would be submitted to them by the court on their return."

Worthington's Ire Aroused.

The incident which aroused the ire of Attorney Worthington for the defense was the reference made by Mr. Baker to the testimony of Mrs. Hermann, wife of the defendant. Mr. Baker asked the jury if they had noticed in the table which had been placed in the speakers' balcony, and cried out to the men of the state of Virginia to live up to their traditions of gallantry and cease the pushing and crowding which was threatening the lives of the women and children in the assemblage.

Hermann Denounced.

Mr. Baker concluded with a scathing denunciation of the defendant, saying that after six years of dishonesty as commissioner of the general land office he had destroyed his thirty-five letter press books to conceal the traces of his dishonesty.

Porcelain Said to Have Been Refused Admission to United States at Port of New York.

Paris, April 26.—Foreign Minister Pichon today received the delegation representing the Limoges porcelain industry, who protested against the action of the United States custom authorities in refusing admission to consignments of Limoges porcelain owing to reports that the goods were wrongly invoiced. The minister forwarded instructions to Ambassador Jusserand to state the matter before the Washington government.

Washington, April 26.—The treasury department knows of no refusal to receive consignments of Limoges porcelain.

On Board Mayflower.

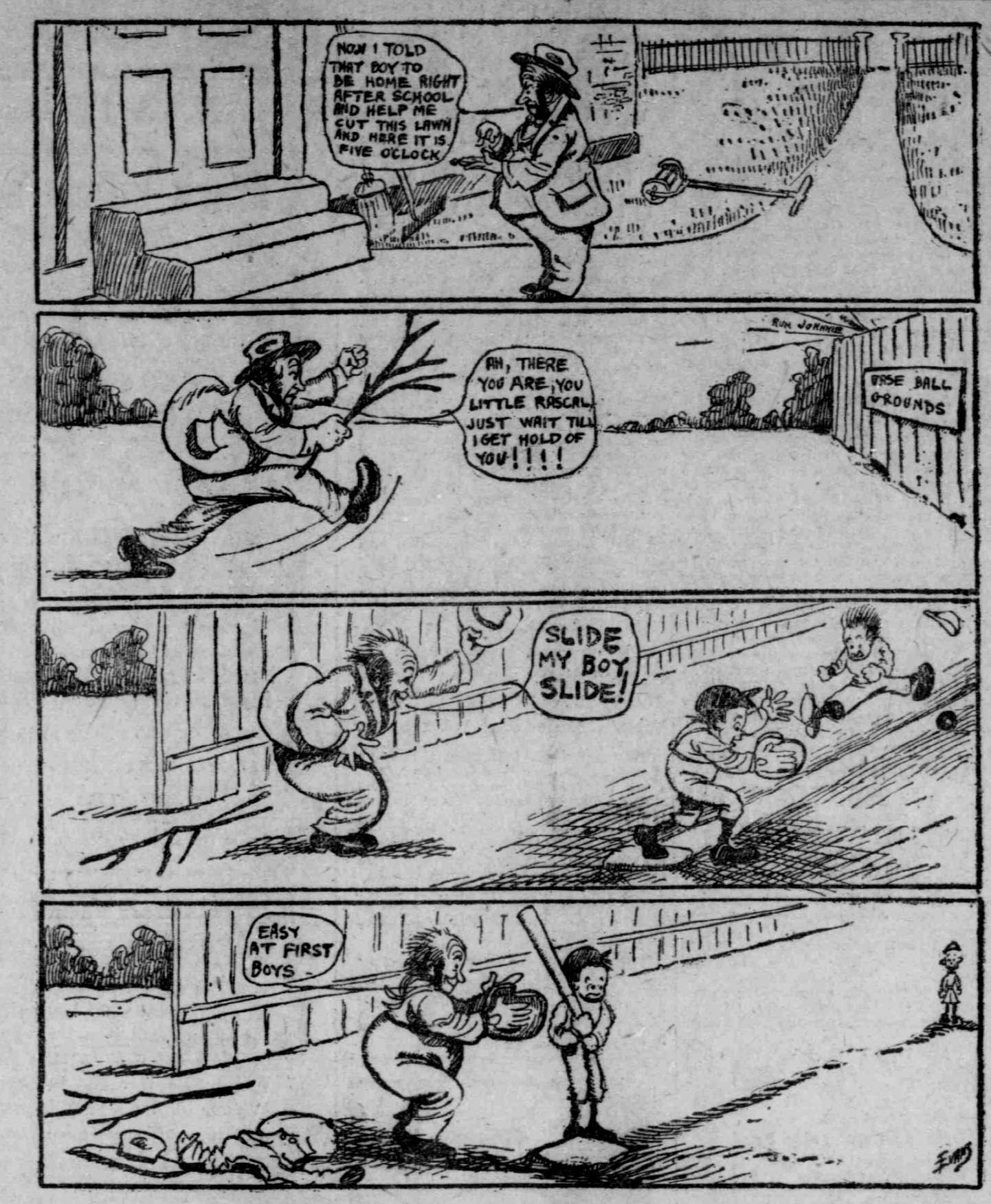
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RO GRANDE NOW DRUNKEN JUDGE CREATES SCENE

Wins the Road to Jail. Hebbard of San Francisco Tries to Have Heney Arrested for Criminal Libel.

Clerk's Error May Force Payment of Wasatch & Jordan Valley Bonds.

Seattle, Wash., April 26.—Four miners were killed and nine severely injured in an explosion on the sixth level of the Morgan mine at the Black Diamond mine of the Pacific Coast company, twenty-five miles from here, on the Columbia & Puget Sound railway, at 7:10 o'clock this morning. Forty men were waiting to be dropped into the mine when the explosion occurred.

COMPELLED TO COME DOWN

Railroads Have Placed Independent Companies on Same Footing With Standard Oil.

Cleveland, April 26.—The Cleveland Plaindealer today says: "The railroads have made a big concession to the independent oil manufacturers. The independents will no longer have to pay \$100 for the return of an empty tank from the Pacific coast to a refinery east of the Missouri river. A rate that, it is said, has been a big factor in the success of the Standard company, is withdrawn."

EULOGIES OF CORNELL

Centennial of the Birth of University's Founder Celebrated.

Ithaca, N. Y., April 26.—Cornell university celebrated today the centennial of the birth of its founder, Ezra Cornell. Among those present were members of the founders' family.

TAFT GOES TO OHIO

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SUICIDE AT SEA

New York, April 26.—David Will, a cox, former president of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad company, committed suicide at sea last Wednesday while a passenger on the North German Lloyd steamer Eder.

COURT REVIEW CLAUSE

Jefferson City, Mo., April 26.—The senate today passed the bill giving cities the right to regulate rates for public service corporations. The bill was amended to provide for court review of legality of proceedings and reasonableness of rates fixed.

DESERTED BY LEADER

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TEMPORARY SETTLEMENT

Portland, Ore., April 26.—A special dispatch to the Evening Telegram from Seattle, B. C., says the miners' strike there has been settled temporarily. The men agreeing to return to work Monday pending the outcome of the government investigation.

INSURANCE RASCAL'S TENTATIVE OFFER TO PLEAD GUILTY WITHDRAWN

New York, April 26.—William A. Brewer, former president of the Washington Life Insurance company, who is under indictment on charges of perjury and making of false official statements concerning his company's affairs, tentatively offered today to plead guilty to the latter charge. It was understood the plea was offered with the idea that only a fine would be imposed.

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Assistant District Attorney Nott said he would oppose a fine as the penalty because a prison sentence was deserved and should be imposed. The tentative plea was then withdrawn.

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SELF DEFENSE BEST'S REPLY

Slayer of Silva Claims He Fired His Pistol to Save His Life.

CLAIBORNE CONTRADICTED

SMITH WILL TRY TO PROVE AN ALIBI.

(Special to The Herald.)

Goldfield, Nev., April 26.—From the nature of the testimony for the defense in the trial of Preston and Smith at Hawthorn for the murder of Silva, the Goldfield restaurant keeper, it is evident that the attorneys for the accused will do everything in their power to prove an alibi in the case of Smith, and they hope to clear Preston on the grounds of self-defense. Preston claims that he shot in self-defense; that Silva raised his revolver to shoot and he (Preston) fired to save his life. The attorneys in custody will swear that they were not in the hall at the time stated by Witness Claiborne, and Smith, supported by his wife, will swear that he was at home at the time the murder was committed.

Alleged Threats Made.

Mrs. Elizabeth Alley, who was so actively engaged in the I. W. W. cause during the labor trouble here, and who at that time lost her position in the Goldfield postoffice, was the first witness for the defense. She stated that Silva had made threats against Preston's life. Charles Chambers, an I. W. W. member, stated that he had also heard similar threats. Margaret Helferman testified that Silva's reputation for peace and order was bad. Vincent St. John took the stand and denied all the allegations made by Claiborne, chief witness for the prosecution, in an effort to prove an alibi.

Will Move to Goldfield.

The court will be moved to Goldfield next week and while the people are rejoicing in the moving of the county seat, owing to the large amount of money and the trouble it will save, a still uneasiness is felt on account of the murder trial being held here. The attorneys will be on home ground and every precaution will be taken to provide against a jail delivery.

NINE JURORS IN THE BOX

Five of Them Subject to Challenge—San Francisco Graft Case Drags Along.

San Francisco, April 26.—More progress was made today in the getting of a jury to try Abraham Ruef on the charge of extortion than on any previous day since that seemingly endless task was undertaken. When the usual over-Sunday adjournment was ordered the number of jurors in the box had increased from five to nine. Five of these, however, may be dismissed by the exercise of peremptory challenges and two to remain with the prosecution and five with the defense. The other four jurors have been finally passed and sworn.

The Dead.

Mark Bentley, Felipe Domencia, Joe Belmont, Albert Domini.

The Injured.

Max Troy, Harry Pisteroff, Mike Mitchell, John Fabrat, Mike Perine, George Hoderman and three others, names unknown.

Thirteen men alighted at the sixth level at 7 o'clock. The explosion followed as the first man in the workings ran into the gas. Bentley and Domini were instantly killed, and the other died at the hospital. A cave-in occurred in the mine at 5:30 this morning, which caused the gas to accumulate.

READY FOR HAYWOOD TRIAL

Attorney for Defense a Visitor in Salt Lake.

Fred Miller of Spokane and Boise, one of the attorneys for the defense in the Haywood-Moyer case, was in Salt Lake on private business. Mr. Miller says that the defense in the case of Haywood, which trial is scheduled to begin May 9 in Boise, is ready and has been ready for months. He does not anticipate any further delay in beginning the hearing, unless it is caused by the prosecution.

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REACH A BASIS FOR ADJUSTMENT

Street Car Difficulties Should Speedily Be in Hands of Board of Arbitrators.

NARROWLY AVERT STRIKE

AFTERTHOUGHT ONLY SAVED DAY FOR HARMONY.

The Street Car Situation.

There will be no strike of street car operatives for at least half a week if pending negotiations should fall after making a regular order, unless a midnight meeting called for tonight should overturn the entire plan of action. This is not even remotely probable. The company and the employees yesterday, through a series of communications, verbal and written, arrived at an agreement whereby this condition will be brought about: 1—The question of wages is to be left to arbitration by a board consisting of one member chosen by the company, another chosen by the men, a citizen who shall not be an official of a union; the third to be chosen by these two. 2—The grievances that arise in the future shall be left to arbitration, if any grievance should be presented. The employees of the company who are members of the local division of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees will meet tonight as a social affair, if possible. The names of the arbitrators will be known by Tuesday. The arbitration of the questions in dispute themselves will be taken up at the pleasure of the board.

Every indication points to a peaceful and amicable settlement of the street car difficulties.

Every indication points to a peaceful and amicable settlement of the street car difficulties. The likelihood is that the company and the men will arrive at an understanding as to wages; a provision is that other grievances, if there be any, will be left to arbitration in the future.

At one time yesterday the crisis had arrived, and disaster was averted only by the expression of an afterthought on the part of Mayor Ezra Thompson.

The day began with Mr. Thompson learning that his interpretation of the Utah Light & Railway company's proposal had been misunderstood by Mr. Bancroft. Mr. Bancroft presented his words in writing.

"The company proposes to submit the said matter to a board of three arbitrators to be chosen as follows: The employees to select one arbitrator from among their number, the company to name one other, and a third arbitrator, the decision of any two to be binding and determine the question of the reasonable length of time the company suggests for a period of two years.

Could Not Accept.

The committee informed Mr. Thompson that the company's proposition had been threshed over and that there was nothing new in it. Mr. Thompson expressed a wish that the committee put its terms in writing, and this was the result.

"We will submit the entire questions involved in the present dispute (this does not include the closed shop question, as that is not a matter for arbitration) to a board of arbitrators to be selected as follows: The company shall choose one, the employees one, and the two thus selected shall select a third arbitrator, who shall hear all of the evidence and render a decision which shall be binding upon both the Light & Railway company and their employees who are involved in the controversy."

Calls It Final Letter.

In reply to this Mayor Thompson returned with a communication which he said was the final letter of the company. This is the text:

"The Utah Light & Railway company proposes an adjustment of the differences between it and its employees with reference to the scale of wages to be paid them, upon the following basis:

"The company proposes to submit the said matter to a board of three arbitrators to be chosen as follows: The employees to select one arbitrator from among their number or any citizen of Salt Lake City that they may select, who is not an official of a labor organization; the company to name one arbitrator, and the two so chosen to select a third arbitrator; the board of arbitrators so selected to act together, and determine the question of wages to be paid motormen, conductors and shop employees.

"The scale of wages so fixed by the board of arbitrators to govern for a reasonable length of time; the company suggests for a period of two years.

Discrimination is Barred.

"The company also proposes to agree that no discrimination will be made hereafter against any employee, however active in the present agitation for increased wages.

"The company's understanding will be that the board of arbitrators will conduct the investigation according to their own discretion; that they will listen to such facts as may be presented to them by the respective parties and by other means, and that they will render their own decision; that they will not be influenced by either party in the way of advocacy or argument, the company's understanding is that it will be wholly within their discretion, and the company does not propose to in any way hamper the arbitrators in the conduct of the arbitration, except that wholly to their judgment and discretion."

Committee Replies Again.

Having submitted to the committee Mr. Bancroft's letter, the committee replied in this wise:

"The proposition for arbitration submitted by the Utah Light & Railway company through you this day to the committee is hereby accepted."

Continued on Page 2.

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